

The leader she referred to was the chief constable Ronnie Flanagan who was so affronted by her stinging criticisms

Devastating findings highlighted police failures	that he threatened to kill himself if they turned out to be true.
The 29 lives taken in the biggest single atrocity of the Troubles	The Police Association for Northern Ireland launched a judicial review to have the report quashed and O'Loan was subjected to a torrent of personal abuse. One Unionist MP called her "a rescue brigade for the terrorists" and, after the RUC's complaints, the former Northern Ireland secretary, Peter Mandelson, accused her of "a certain lack of experience and possibly some gullibility".
Omagh trial farce prompts inquiry calls	
Omagh bombing: the flawed case against Hoey	
The victims of Omagh	But two years later, in January 2003, the legal challenge was withdrawn. "I am very pleased that my report stands," she said.
<u>'Bomb, Omagh town, 15</u> <u>minutes'</u>	
Omagh: profiles of the accused	By that time Flanagan had been made Sir Ronnie, as well as receiving a Knight Grand Cross of the Order of the British Empire (CBE), And he want on to higher things, he
Hoey cleared of Omagh bombing charges	British Empire (GBE). And he went on to higher things: he is currently HM Chief Inspector of Constabularly.
<u>'It is likely that no one will</u> now be successfully prosecuted'	Her report, published three years after the atrocity in December 2001, was prompted by a story earlier in the year in the Sunday People. Under the headline "I told cops
Lamppost DNA may hold key to shooting	about Omagh", a former police CID informant, Kevin Fulton, said he had warned the RUC three days before the bombing that dissident terrorists with the Real IRA were
Stormont secret gifts 'must stop'	planning an unspecified bombing action. He named two people, one a known activist. O'Loan discovered his warning had been passed to the special branch but the
Belfast police forced back into flak jackets	record of his meeting was lost and the branch denied receiving the information.
	There was another, more specific, warning 11 days before the attack in an anonymous telephone call to a detective in Omagh. The caller identified the exact day of the bombing - August 15 - and named four people. The detective thought his information was genuine. But special branch dismissed two of the named men as mere "smugglers" and failed to pass on the intelligence to the local Omagh commander.
	O'Loan said it was unlikely the bombing could have been thwarted on Fulton's warning alone, but she added: "It will never be known whether or not the bombing of Omagh

could have been prevented if the RUC had taken more action in relation to the information it received ... between August 4 and 15 1998."

Her report about the conduct of the initial police investigation relied heavily on an internal RUC review which found "significant and fundamental errors".

There were, she concluded, "many failures in the management and leadership" of the investigation. She found that neither the inquiry's senior investigating officer nor his deputy were on the inquiry full-time, resources were cut after two months, and there were "considerable errors in the management of the investigative computer database".

The bomb car went missing and was found rusting in a car park covered with a tarpaulin. There were delays of up to a year between taking statements and following up leads.

O'Loan found the RUC unhelpful.She wrote: "It is of considerable concernthat some critical information was not provided to ombudsman investigators", and that "at senior management level the response to the inquiry has been defensive and at times uncooperative".

Special report Northern Ireland

Graphic Omagh bomb map

Timeline

20.12.2007: Omagh bombing

From the Guardian Unlimited archive 16.08.1998: <u>Ulster carnage as bomb blast targets shoppers</u> 17.08.1998: <u>'So stupid, so foolish, so senseless'</u> 14.08.1999: <u>One year on, Omagh's pain remains</u> 16.08.1999: Grieving Omagh pays silent tribute

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